

CITY OF KENMORE
ANNUAL POLICE SERVICE HIGHLIGHTS & DATA
2007

Provided for the Residents by:

POLICE CHIEF CLIFF SETHER, CITY OF KENMORE POLICE DEPARTMENT
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City of Kenmore Administration

MAYOR	Randy Eastwood
DEPUTY MAYOR	David Baker
COUNCIL MEMBERS	John Hendrickson Bob Hensel Glenn Rogers Laurie Sperry Allan Van Ness
CITY MANAGER	Steve Anderson
CHIEF OF POLICE	Chief Cliff Sether



March 2007

Dear Residents of Kenmore,

I am pleased to present you with Kenmore's 2007 Annual Police Service Highlights & Data Report. This report serves as our "report card" and highlights crime trends, crime prevention efforts, and overall performance for 2007. This year, the format of the report, as well as its name, has been updated to make the information and data more user-friendly and accessible. You can read more about the report's update and contents in the "About the Annual Police Service Highlights & Data Report" section.



The men and women of the Kenmore Police Department are committed to providing high quality, professional law enforcement services to the citizens of Kenmore. We have had an active partnership with our citizens that have embraced the philosophy of community-oriented policing and problem solving. As a result of this partnership, we have seen reductions in crime and the fear of crime.

This year, I would like to highlight the Junior High Student Academy program that we sponsor each school year. The Academy gives 7th to 9th grade students an introduction to police work and allows them an opportunity to interact with the officers and to participate with several 'hands on' activities. The classes are offered in the fall and spring and are taught after school from 2:30 to 4 p.m. for seven weeks. At the Academy, students learn about police patrol procedures, crime scene investigations, canine uses, marine patrol, major accident response and reconstruction (MARR), traffic enforcement, and get an introduction to the many uses of our Air Support Unit.

We invite all interested Kenmore Junior High students to join the Academy by filling out an application, available at the school's office. Students must have their parent's permission and arrange for their own transportation home. Each class is limited to a maximum of 12 students so come get your spot soon! Questions can be directed to Officer Childers at (206) 205-7652.

Several citizen volunteers have joined with the Kenmore Police Department to assist with various community programs, including house checks. You may see volunteers around your neighborhood, driving a marked traffic safety car and wearing jackets that identify them as city volunteers.

The house check program is available to all Kenmore residents who are planning to be out of town for one week or longer. While you are away, a Kenmore Police volunteer will check the exterior of your residence several times a week to ensure the doors and windows are secured and have not been damaged. In the event a door or window is found open or damaged, a police officer will be dispatched to check your residence. We will then contact either you, or a person you have designated on the form, to respond and secure the residence. If you want to take advantage of this program, or if you are interested in becoming a police volunteer, please contact Officer Mark Childers at (206) 205-7652.

I am happy to report that this year we have seen a reduction in many crime categories such as burglary, robbery, larceny and auto theft, just to mention a few. We will continue to review our strategies and use innovative techniques in our ongoing efforts to reduce crime in Kenmore. As always, we invite your comments and questions.

Respectfully Submitted,

Cliff Sether, Chief of Police
City of Kenmore Police Department



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About the Annual Police Service Highlights & Data Report

The Annual Police Service Highlights & Data Report contains information on the service efforts and accomplishments of the Kenmore Police Department to support its mission, goals, and objectives. The goal of the report is to keep the City of Kenmore residents, staff, administrators, and elected officials informed of police service and crime activity in the city. The report is produced by the City of Kenmore Police Department in partnership with the King County Sheriff's Office (KCSO) Research, Planning and Informational Services and Contracts Units. Questions about the report can be directed to the Kenmore chief of police.

The Police Service Highlights section gives a narrative of police efforts and year-to-year comparisons of selected crime and police service data. Most of the data in this section is taken from the Police Services Data section unless otherwise indicated as being from a difference source.

The Police Service Data section provides further detailed crime and police service data. Please note that numbers in this section may differ slightly from numbers in the Police Services Highlights due to rounding differences.

Kenmore Police Department Mission, Goals, & Core Values

Mission

The mission of the Kenmore Police Department is to prevent crime and create an environment where people feel safe, while providing quality, professional law enforcement services designed to improve public safety.

Core Values

The Kenmore Police are committed to the core values of Leadership, Integrity, Service and Teamwork. We firmly believe in our core values and let these values guide all work that we do in the community.

Goals & Objectives

In order to realize this mission, the City of Kenmore Police Department has adopted the following goals and objectives:

Goal # 1: Reduce crime and the fear of crime

Objective: Use information for crime analysis

Objective: Apprehend offenders

Objective: Prevent crime

Objective: Improve residents' feeling of security

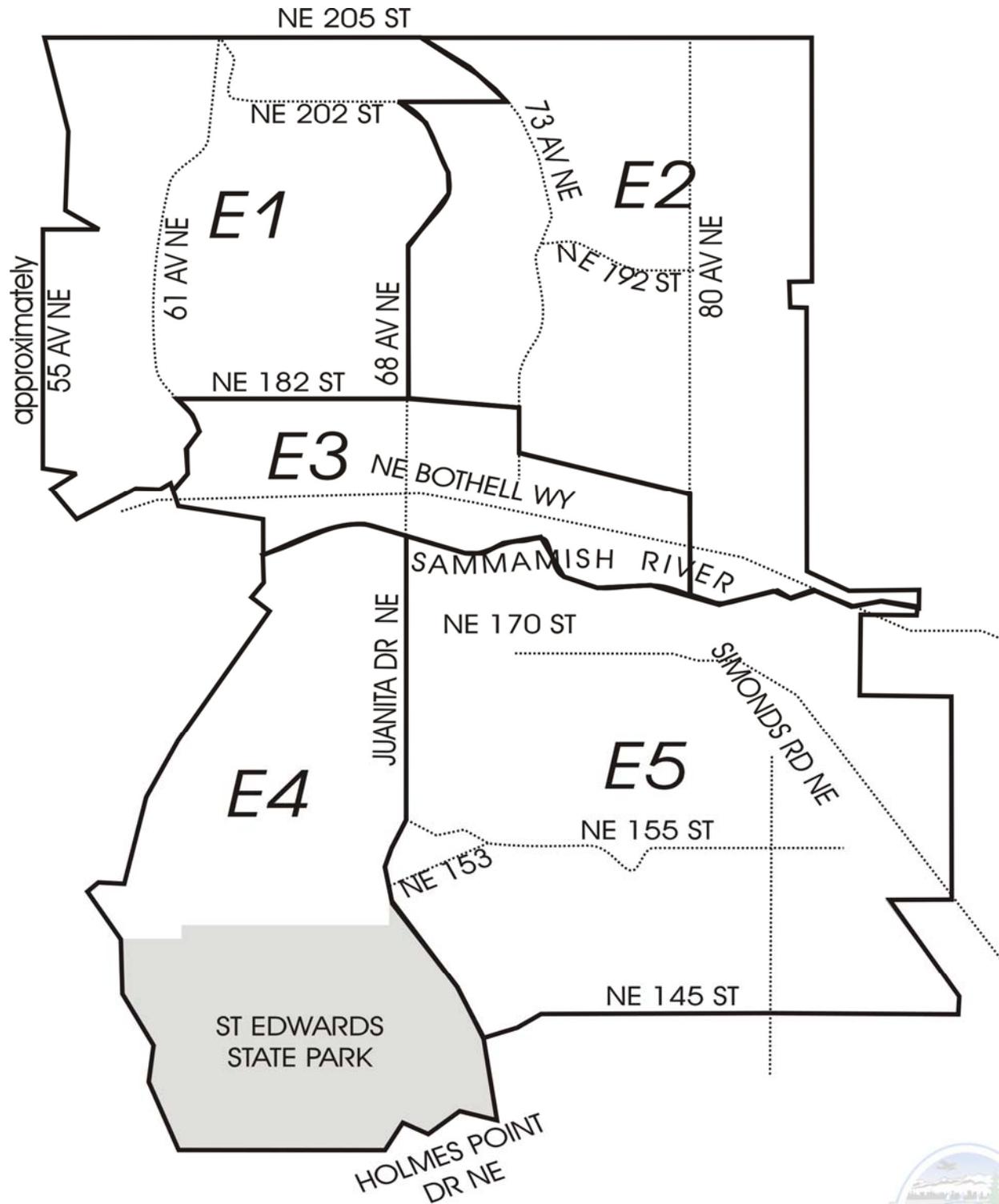
Goal # 2: Provide high-quality, cost-effective, and accountable services to the City of Kenmore

Objective: Provide responsive services to residents.

Objective: Provide cost-effective services to residents.



City of Kenmore Patrol Districts

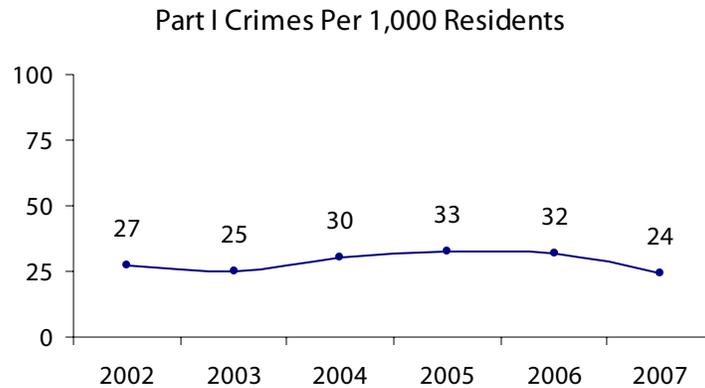


City of Kenmore
Police Service Highlights
2007

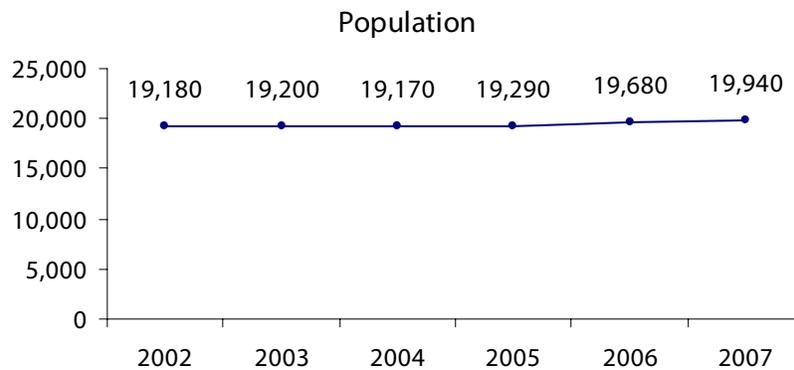


Kenmore's Crime Rate

The Crime Rate is a calculation of the number of Part I Crimes divided by population in thousands. Part I Crimes is a category of crimes established by the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI). It includes criminal homicide (which includes murder and non-negligent manslaughter, but excludes deaths by negligence, attempts to kill, suicides, accidental deaths, justifiable homicide, and traffic fatalities), forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson.



Source: Police Services Data

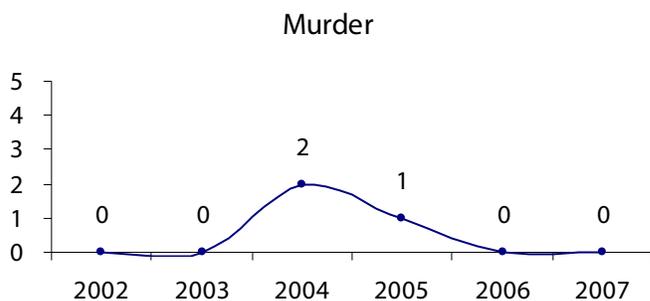


Source: Washington State Office of Financial Management



Part I Violent Crimes against People

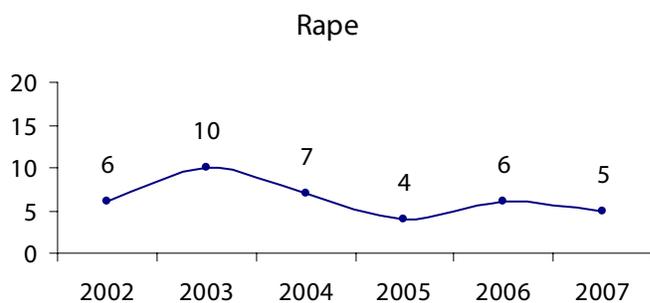
Part I Crimes include crimes categorized as “violent crimes” or “crimes against people.” The following are Kenmore’s Part I Violent Crimes.



Source for all below: Police Services Data

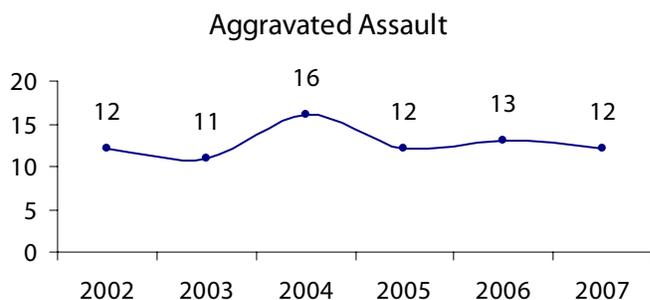
Murder

The following situations are not included in this crime classification: deaths caused by negligence, suicide, or accident; justifiable homicides; and attempts to murder or assaults to murder, which are counted as aggravated assaults.



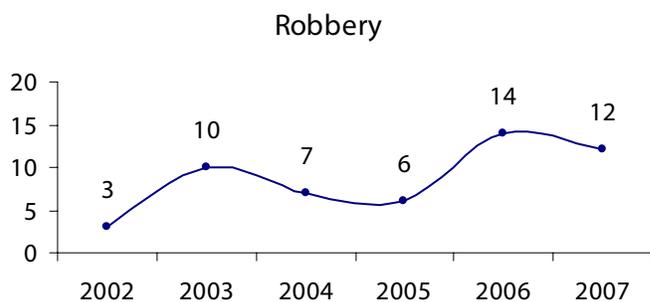
Rape

Rapes by force and attempts or assaults to rape, regardless of the age of the victim, are included in this count. Statutory offenses (no force used—victim under age of consent) are excluded.



Aggravated Assault

Aggravated assault is an unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm.



Robbery

Robbery is the taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person by force, threat of force, violence, or by putting the victim in fear.

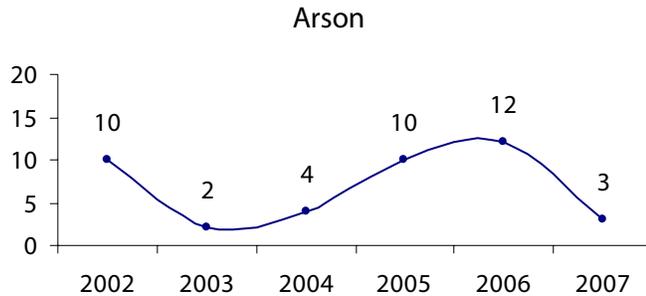


Part I Non-Violent Crimes against Property

The second group of Part I Crimes is known as “non-violent crimes,” “crimes against property,” or “property crimes.” The following are Kenmore’s Part I Crimes against Property. Information about vehicle theft, also included in this category, can be found with traffic and automobile incident information.

Arson

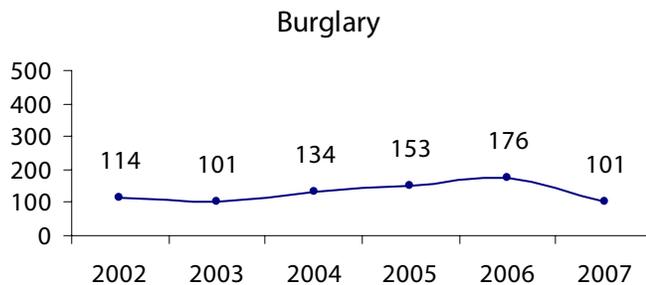
Arson is any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, or personal property of another.



Source for all below: Police Services Data

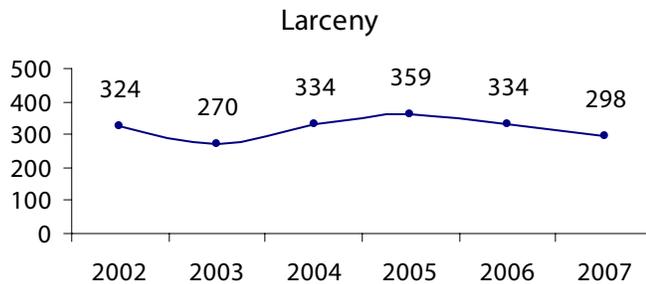
Burglary (breaking or entering)

Burglary is the unlawful entry of a commercial or residential structure with the intent to commit a crime. Attempted forcible entry is included.



Larceny (except vehicles)

Larceny is the unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property of any value amount from the possession or constructive possession of another. Examples are thefts of bicycles, motor vehicle parts and accessories, shoplifting, pocket-picking, or the stealing of any property or article that is not taken by force and violence or by fraud. Attempted larcenies are included. Embezzlement, forgery, check fraud, and like crimes are excluded.

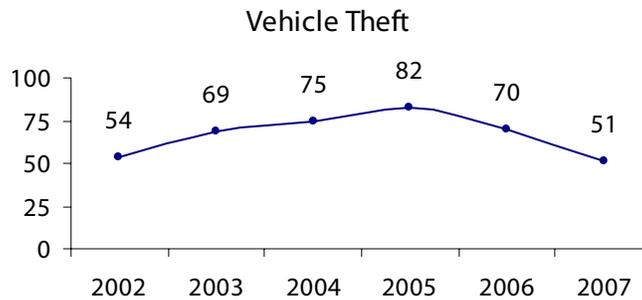


Traffic and Automobile Incident Information

Vehicle theft

Vehicle theft is included in Part I Crimes against Property. It is the theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle, which is defined as being self-propelled and running on a land surface and not on rails.

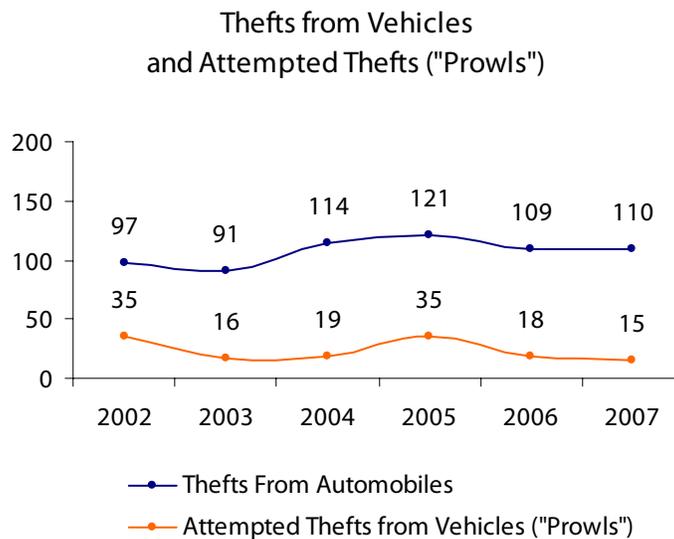
Motorboats, construction equipment, airplanes, and farming equipment are specifically excluded from this category.



Source: Police Services Data

Thefts and Attempted Thefts ("Prowls") from Automobiles

A theft or attempted theft ("prowl") from an automobile is the act or attempted act of taking something from the inside of an automobile.

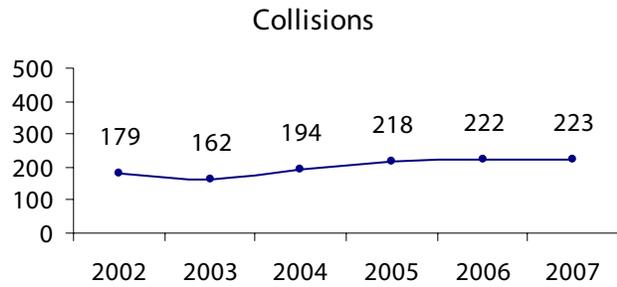


Source: Police Services Data and CAD System



Traffic Collisions

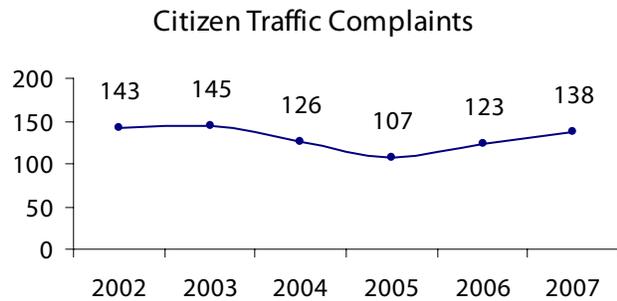
Collision information includes reports for injury, non-injury, and fatality vehicle collisions. Driving under the influence (DUI) collisions are excluded from this category.



Source: Police Services Data

Citizen Traffic Complaints

Citizen traffic complaints include all reports residents make regarding chronic traffic violations and requests for traffic enforcement. Complaints are assigned out to specific traffic enforcement units as well as patrol and are worked on a regular basis. Some complaints are resolved relatively quickly, while others become the site of on-going traffic enforcement projects.



Source: Police Services Data

Traffic Citations

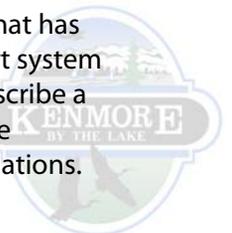
Traffic citations include reports of all moving/hazardous violations (such as all accidents, driving under the influence, speeding, and reckless driving), and non-moving compliance violations (such as defective equipment and parking violations).

Placeholder

This data is not made available by the State of Washington Courts System until April following the year reported. This data will be added to this report and will be made available to the city as soon as possible.

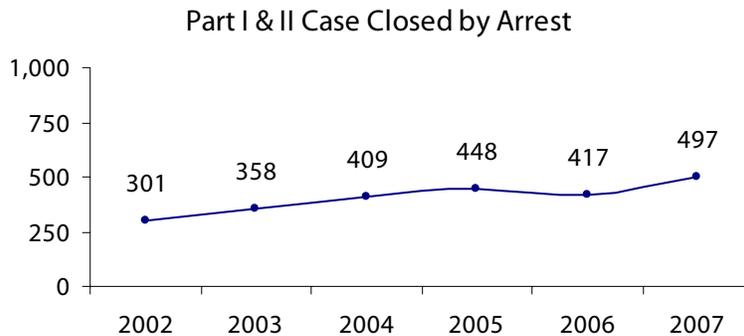
Source: State of Washington Courts

 **Citation:** Often called a "ticket," a citation is a written document issued to a person who commits a crime or violates a law. The citation describes the crime and/or the law that has been violated and identifies the punishment that has been standardized by the court system (i.e., the standardized monetary amounts payable for traffic violations). While citations prescribe a penalty for a crime, they may be challenged through the court system. They usually include instructions for the cited person to appeal the citation. A citation may include multiple violations.



Part I & II Cases Closed by Arrest

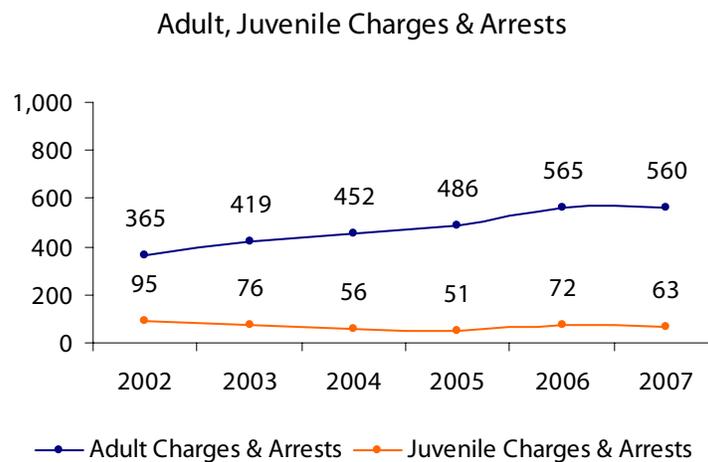
The cases below represent incidents where an officer or detective has recommended that the King County Prosecutor's Office file criminal charges against the case suspect. These criminal charges may result in an arrest or another form of punitive action, such as a citation. A prosecuting attorney is solely responsible for the decision to formally file charges and prosecute defendants.



Source: KCSO RPIS Unit

Adult and Juvenile Charges and Arrests

One or more charges can result from a single arrest. Charges also can be filed when probable cause exists against a person who may not have been arrested. The following are the total number of felony and misdemeanor charges and arrests by adult and juvenile status.



Source: Police Services Data

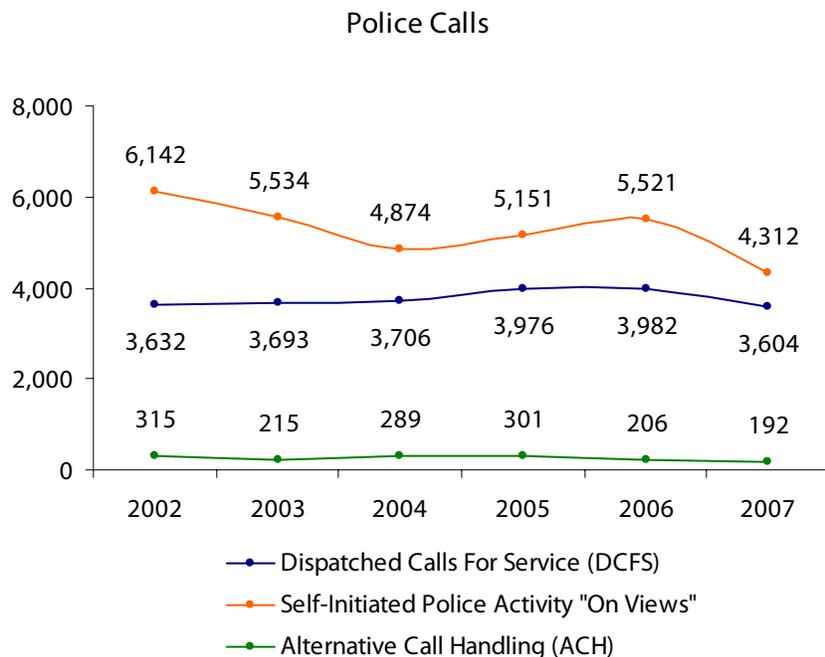


Calls for Police Assistance

The public receives police assistance in a variety of ways. People can call the Emergency 911 Communications Center to have one or more officers dispatched to the field, called a "dispatched call for service." The public can also be assisted when an officer witnesses or "on-views" an accident, crime, or other police need in the field.

In addition to dispatched calls for service and on-views, 911 center operators can take certain types of reports over the phone through alternative call handling (ACH). This allows police officers more time to respond to those who need an officer present at the location of their incident.

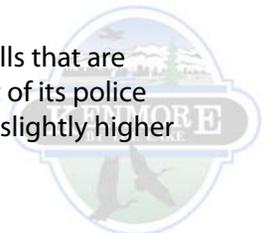
Following are the numbers of dispatched calls for service (DCFS), on-views, and alternative call handling (ACH) incidents reported.



Source: Police Services Data and CAD



Dispatched Calls For Service (DCFS): The number of DCFS shown here includes calls that are verified to take place inside the city limits and that are charged to the city as part of its police contract. Total DCFS counts, as shown in the Police Service Data section, may be slightly higher (usually less than 5 percent higher).



Response Times to High Priority Calls

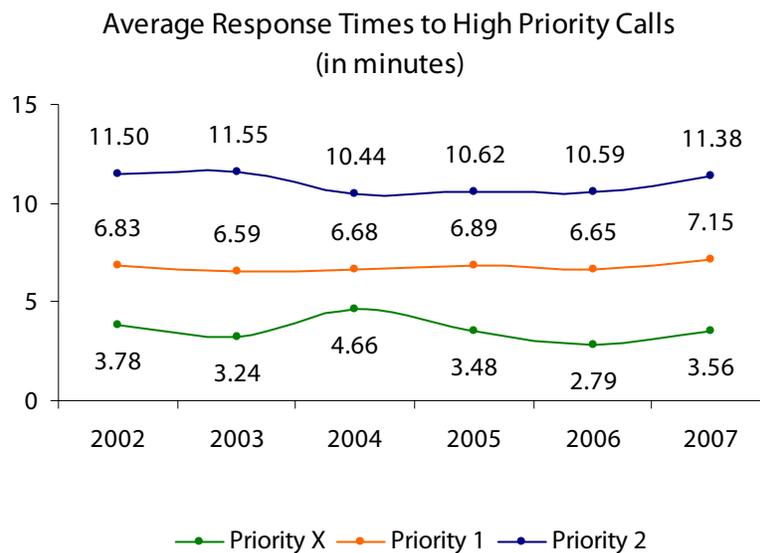
When calls for police assistance are received by the Emergency 911 Communications Center, they are entered into the Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD) system and given a "priority" based on the criteria described below. If the call receiver is in doubt as to the appropriate priority, the call is assigned the higher of the two priority designators in question.

"Priority X" designates critical dispatches. These are incidents that pose an obvious danger to the life of an officer or citizen. It is used for felony crimes in-progress where the possibility of confrontation between a victim and suspect exists. Examples include shootings, stabbings, robberies or burglaries.

"Priority 1" designates immediate dispatches. These are calls that require immediate police action. Examples include silent alarms, injury traffic accidents, in-progress crimes or crimes so recent that the suspect may still be in the immediate area.

"Priority 2" designates prompt dispatches. These are calls that could escalate to a more serious degree if not policed quickly. Examples include verbal disturbances and blocking traffic accidents.

Following are the City of Kenmore's Police response times for the above priority calls. Response times include all time from the receipt of a phone call to the moment an officer arrives at the location of the incident.



Source: Police Services Data

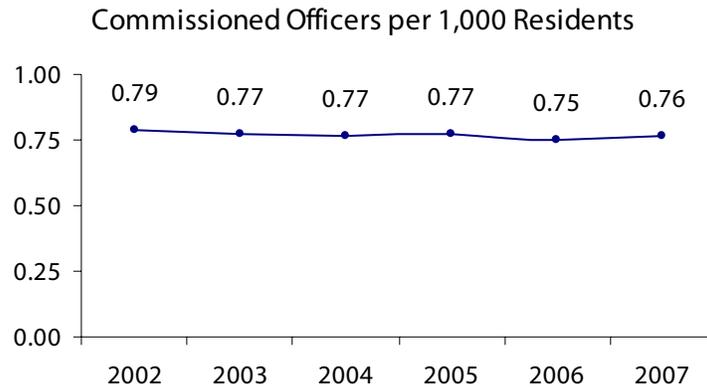


Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD): A computerized communication system used by emergency response agencies for dispatching and tracking calls for emergency assistance.



Commissioned Officers per 1,000 Residents

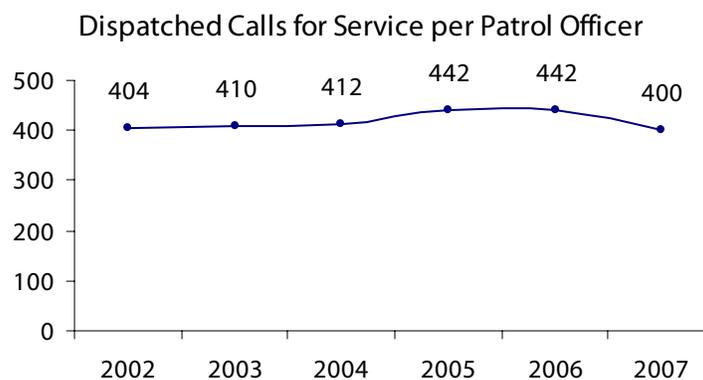
Commissioned officers per 1,000 residents shows how many commissioned police officers are employed by Kenmore for every 1,000 residents. This number includes commissioned officers who work in supervisory or other non-patrol related positions as well as special services officers who work part-time for the city. It does not include professional (i.e. non-commissioned) support staff.



Source: KCSO Contracts Unit

Dispatched Calls for Service (DCFS) per Patrol Officer

Dispatched calls for service (DCFS) per patrol officer is the average number of dispatched calls one patrol officer responds to within a year. This number uses only dispatched calls Kenmore pays for and does not include the number of responses an officer initiates (such as witnessing and responding to traffic violations, called "on views"). Also, the numbers below are *patrol only* and exclude non-patrol commissioned officers (such as supervisors or special duty officers/detectives).



Source: KCSO Contracts Unit

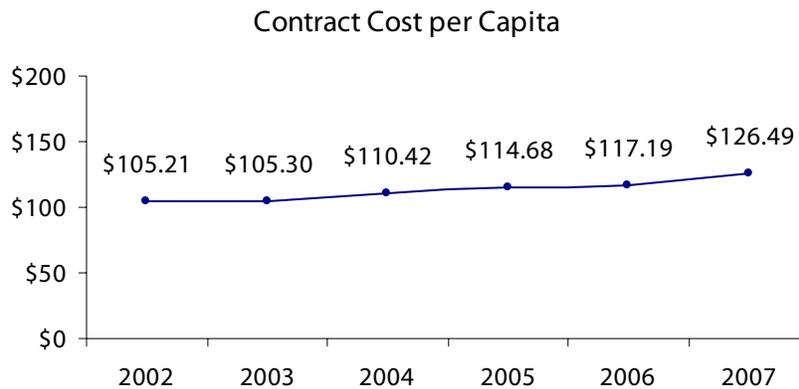


Costs of Police Services per Capita

The City of Kenmore contracts with the King County Sheriff's Office (KCSO) for police services. Among other benefits, contracting for services from a larger law enforcement agency allows for cost savings through "economies of scale." Specific economies of scale provided through the contract with KCSO include:

- Mutual aid agreements with other law enforcement agencies in Washington State
- A large pool of officers if back-up help is necessary
- Coverage if city officers are away
- Expertise of specialized units to assist officers
- More experienced officers to select from for city staffing
- Cost sharing throughout the department to keep city costs down

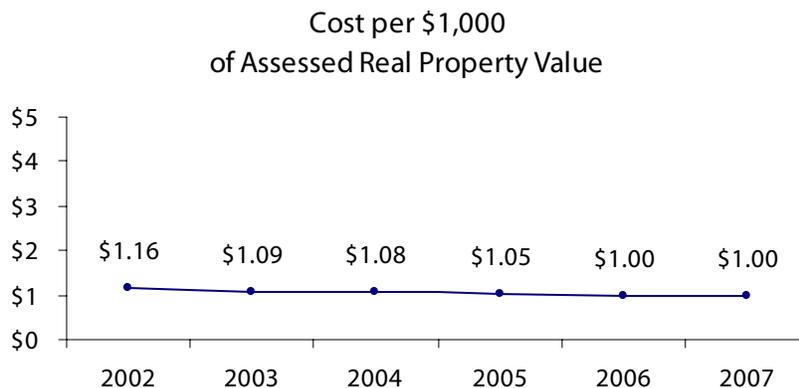
Costs for police services vary depending on a city's resources and the level and type of police services the community wants. The City of Kenmore may have additional funds or expenditures for special projects or programs as part of the city's law enforcement budget. These additional costs are not reflected in the contract cost per capita, which shows the contract cost for police services divided by Kenmore's population.



Source: KCSO Contracts Unit

Cost per \$1,000 of Assessed Real Property Value

Cost per \$1,000 of assessed real property value shows Kenmore's contract cost in relationship to the property values of Kenmore.



Source: King County Assessor's Office

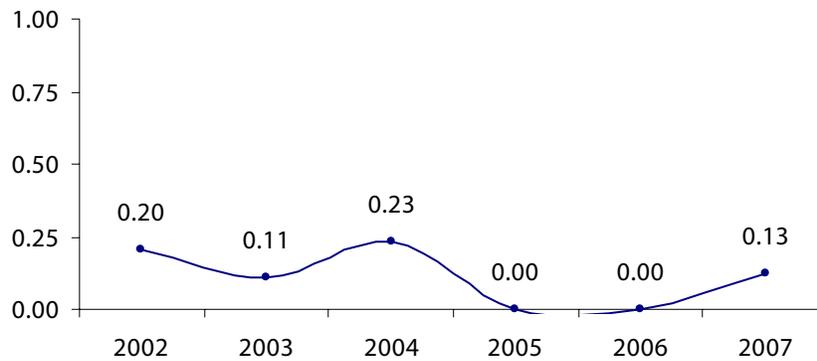


Complaints against Officers

Complaints against city police officers can originate from the public or internal police department personnel. When a complaint is made, the King County Sheriff's Office Internal Investigations Unit (IIU), which reports directly to the Sheriff, will review the complaint and determine whether a formal complaint investigation should be made. The following are the total number of internal and external complaints that were formally investigated for City of Kenmore officers:

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Number of Complaints	2	1	2	0	0	1
Number of Police Contacts (DCFS & Self-initiated "On-View" Police Contacts)	9,774	9,227	8,580	9,127	9,503	7,916

Complaints per 1,000 Police Contacts



Source: KCSO Internal Investigations Unit



City Cost Comparison

The city cost comparison study is conducted annually by the King County Sheriff's Office Contracts Unit. The study accounts for city budget differences and may factor in (or factor out) certain line items in an effort to allow for "apples-to-apples" comparison between cities. Cities that provided only partial information for this study are not included below.

Kenmore's cost per capita shown here is different than the contract cost per capita, which only includes law enforcement contract costs paid to the county. The following budget information is obtained directly from the city's budget, which includes additional funding for extra police services.

City	2007 Police Budget	2007 Population	2007 Budgeted Sworn	Cost/ Capita	Cost/ Sworn	Sworn/ 1000	2006 Crime Rate
Algona	\$709,928	2,725	6.00	\$261	\$118,321	2.20	16.30
Auburn	\$15,715,145	50,424	88.00	\$312	\$178,581	1.75	79.40
Beaux Arts	\$21,640	310	0.10	\$70	\$216,400	0.32	NR
Bellevue	\$36,487,139	118,100	174.00	\$309	\$209,696	1.47	38.10
Bothell	\$10,016,919	32,641	57.00	\$307	\$175,735	1.75	32.10
Burien	\$6,957,408	31,410	39.63	\$222	\$175,559	1.26	67.50
Covington	\$2,241,250	17,190	12.99	\$130	\$172,537	0.76	32.90
Des Moines	\$8,216,075	29,090	47.00	\$282	\$174,810	1.62	45.20
Duvall	\$1,571,373	5,845	16.00	\$269	\$98,211	2.74	6.60
Federal Way	\$19,333,418	87,390	137.00	\$221	\$141,120	1.57	64.00
Kenmore	\$2,647,310	19,940	15.25	\$133	\$173,594	0.76	31.80
Kent	\$23,253,593	86,660	130.00	\$268	\$178,874	1.50	80.00
Kirkland	\$12,023,674	47,890	72.20	\$251	\$166,533	1.51	41.70
Lake Forest Park	\$2,829,172	12,770	21.00	\$222	\$134,722	1.64	26.50
Lynnwood	\$10,852,113	35,490	71.00	\$306	\$152,847	2.00	89.40
Maple Valley	\$2,100,138	20,020	11.81	\$105	\$177,827	0.59	19.20
Mercer Island	\$4,964,895	22,380	31.00	\$222	\$160,158	1.39	22.30
Mukilteo	\$3,285,400	19,940	25.00	\$165	\$131,416	1.25	44.70
Newcastle	\$1,288,566	9,550	7.97	\$135	\$161,677	0.83	33.80
Normandy Park	\$1,767,762	6,435	12.00	\$275	\$147,314	1.86	20.60
North Bend	\$1,257,392	4,705	6.93	\$267	\$181,442	1.47	43.50
Puyallup	\$13,818,253	36,790	58.00	\$376	\$238,246	1.58	84.00
Renton	\$19,750,056	60,290	99.00	\$328	\$199,496	1.64	80.30
Sammamish	\$3,904,790	40,260	23.74	\$97	\$164,481	0.59	12.20
SeaTac	\$7,377,899	25,530	43.90	\$289	\$168,061	1.72	86.40
Seattle	\$208,345,000	586,200	1,277.00	\$355	\$163,152	2.18	75.90
Shoreline	\$8,565,437	53,190	50.24	\$161	\$170,490	0.94	41.80
Skykomish	\$21,063	210	0.13	\$100	\$162,023	0.62	NR
Sumner	\$3,757,510	9,035	20.00	\$416	\$187,876	2.21	60.60
Tukwila	\$11,993,986	18,000	67.00	\$666	\$179,015	3.72	189.60
Woodinville	\$2,048,409	10,390	11.12	\$197	\$184,209	1.07	64.30
Average			84.90	\$249	\$169,175	1.50	52.78

Data sources:



1. City budgets are found on city websites or via city finance personnel.
2. Population is from Washington State Office of Financial Management (OFM) estimates.
3. Total sworn numbers are from city budgets.
4. Crime rates are from the Washington Association of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs (WASPC).
Crime rates for 2007 were not yet released at this report's publish date.



City of Kenmore **Police Service Data** 2007



CRIME SUMMARY

	2006	2007	Percent Change	Crime Rate	Total 2007 Cases Closed
Part I Offenses					
Criminal Homicide	0	0	N/A	0.00	0
Forcible Rape (incl. Attempts)	6	5	-16.7%	0.25	2
Robbery	14	12	-14.3%	0.60	5
Aggravated Assault	13	12	-7.7%	0.60	5
Burglary, Commercial	42	31	-26.2%	1.55	1
Burglary, Residential	134	70	-47.8%	3.51	6
Larceny, over \$250	150	152	1.3%	7.62	4
Larceny, under \$250	184	146	-20.7%	7.32	5
Vehicle Theft	70	51	-27.1%	2.56	8
Arson	12	3	-75.0%	0.15	0
Total Part I Offenses	625	482	-22.9%	24.17	36
Total Part II Offenses	638	590	-7.5%	29.59	57

NOTE:

The crime rate is calculated on the basis of 1,000 people (i.e., number of crimes per 1,000 people). The population is 19,940.

ACTIVITY SUMMARY

	2006	2007	Percent Change
Dispatched calls for service	4,174	3,807	-8.8%
Adult charges/arrests	565	560	-0.9%
Juvenile charges/arrests	72	63	-12.5%
Traffic enforcement	2,154	1,836	-14.8%
Officers assaulted	3	3	0.0%
Total domestic violence related incidents	111	118	6.3%
Hate crimes/malicious harassment reports	0	0	N/A

NOTE:

The domestic violence figures on this page include everything that is related to domestic violence: case reports, citations, follow-ups, assistance rendered to other agencies, FIR's made, etc. They may differ from the figures on page 24, which refer to case reports and citations only.



Part One Offenses by Patrol District

	Kenmore					Total
	E1	E2	E3	E4	E5	
Criminal Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	2	0	0	2
Child Rape	2	0	0	1	0	3
Attempted Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery, Highway	0	0	3	0	1	4
Robbery, Commercial	0	0	1	0	0	1
Robbery, Gas Station	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery, Chain Store	0	0	3	0	0	3
Robbery, Residence	0	1	0	0	1	2
Robbery, Bank	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery, Misc.	0	0	2	0	0	2
Robbery, Carjack	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assault, Firearm *	0	1	0	0	1	2
Assault, Knife	1	1	1	0	1	4
Assault, ODW	0	0	2	0	2	4
Assault, Hands	0	0	2	0	0	2
Commercial Burglary, FE	4	1	6	1	2	14
Commercial Burglary, NF	0	3	11	0	1	15
Commercial Burglary, ATT	0	0	1	0	1	2
Residential Burglary, FE	9	6	4	1	13	33
Residential Burglary, NF	13	4	7	2	4	30
Residential Burglary, ATT	2	3	2	0	0	7
Larceny, +\$250	25	25	48	9	43	150
Larceny, -\$250	9	11	85	10	31	146
Auto Theft	7	16	17	1	8	49
Truck-Bus Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Vehicle Theft	0	1	1	0	0	2
Theft Boat/RV	0	1	0	0	1	2
Arson Confirmed	1	2	0	0	0	3
Total	73	76	198	25	110	482

Part Two Offenses by Patrol District

	Kenmore					Total
	E1	E2	E3	E4	E5	
Assault Fourth	13	17	17	3	11	61
Total Forgery/Fraud *	32	14	27	5	23	101
Stolen Property	0	2	1	0	0	3
Vandalism	42	27	22	10	29	130
Weapons Violations	1	0	2	1	1	5
Commercial Vice	0	1	1	0	0	2
Total Sexual Offenses *	3	1	3	0	1	8
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Family/Juvenile *	19	12	16	4	19	70
DWI	5	9	35	0	12	61
Liquor Violations	3	3	5	1	1	13
Disorderly Conduct	1	1	2	0	0	4
Kidnapping	0	0	0	0	0	0
Trespass	0	1	9	1	1	12
Opium, coke, etc.	0	1	3	0	0	4
Marijuana	0	0	0	0	1	1
Synthetic Narcotics	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Narcotics	0	0	2	0	0	2
Hate Crimes	0	0	0	0	0	0
Viol. of Court Orders (Misd)	6	1	4	1	7	19
Viol. of Court Orders (Felony)	0	2	1	0	1	4
All other	18	15	22	11	24	90
Total	143	107	172	37	131	590

NOTES:

The data on this page includes the domestic violence data listed on page 24. Page 24 refers to domestic violence data only.

*A more detailed section of these categories is listed on page 29.



Larcenies by Patrol District

	Kenmore					Total
	E1	E2	E3	E4	E5	
Auto Parts & Accessories	4	6	5	1	10	26
Bicycles	1	1	3	0	1	6
Coin Operated Machine Device	0	0	1	0	0	1
Gas	0	0	5	0	0	5
Non-specific Category	3	9	27	1	11	51
Pickpocket	0	0	1	0	0	1
Purse Snatch	0	0	0	0	0	0
Shoplifting	0	0	38	1	1	40
Taken from Auto	19	17	24	13	37	110
Taken from Building	7	4	29	3	15	58
Total	34	37	133	19	75	298



Domestic Violence: Part One Offenses by Patrol District

	Kenmore					Total
	E1	E2	E3	E4	E5	
Criminal Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0
Child Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0
Attempted Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery, Highway	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery, Commercial	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery, Gas Station	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery, Chain Store	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery, Residence	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery, Bank	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery, Misc.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery, Carjack	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assault, Firearm	0	0	0	0	1	1
Assault, Knife	0	0	1	0	0	1
Assault, ODW	0	0	0	0	1	1
Assault, Hands	0	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial Burglary, FE	0	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial Burglary, NF	0	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial Burglary, ATT	0	0	0	0	0	0
Residential Burglary, FE	0	1	0	0	1	2
Residential Burglary, NF	0	0	0	0	1	1
Residential Burglary, ATT	0	0	1	0	0	1
Larceny, +\$250	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny, -\$250	0	0	1	0	0	1
Auto Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0
Truck-Bus Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0
Theft Boat/RV	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson Confirmed	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	1	3	0	4	8

Domestic Violence: Part Two Offenses by Patrol District

	Kenmore					Total
	E1	E2	E3	E4	E5	
Assault Fourth	13	10	9	2	8	42
Total Forgery/Fraud	0	0	1	0	0	1
Stolen Property	0	0	0	0	0	0
Vandalism	1	3	0	0	4	8
Weapons Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Sexual Offenses	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Family/Juvenile	6	1	6	3	7	23
DWI	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disorderly Conduct	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kidnapping	0	0	0	0	0	0
Trespass	0	0	0	0	0	0
Opium, coke, etc.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Marijuana	0	0	0	0	0	0
Synthetic Narcotics	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Narcotics	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hate Crimes	0	0	0	0	0	0
Viol. of Court Orders (Misd)	5	1	4	0	5	15
Viol. of Court Orders (Felony)	1	2	1	0	1	5
All other	1	1	3	0	2	7
Total	27	18	24	5	27	101

NOTE:

This page is a subcategory of page 22 and only refers to domestic violence incidents that produced a case report or citation.



ADULT AND JUVENILE CHARGES, ARRESTS, AND CITATIONS

	Adult Felony	Adult Misdemeanor	Juvenile Felony	Juvenile Misdemeanor	Total Adults and Juveniles
Criminal Homicide	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	1	0	0	0	1
Robbery	2	0	0	0	2
Aggravated Assault	8	0	0	0	8
Burglary	5	0	7	0	12
Larceny	5	25	2	13	45
Vehicle Theft	8	0	4	0	12
Assault, Fourth	0	52	0	3	55
Arson	0	0	0	0	0
Counterfeiting/Forgery	2	0	0	0	2
Fraud	0	0	0	0	0
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0
Stolen Property	7	1	0	0	8
Vandalism	4	14	1	1	20
Weapons Violations	0	3	0	1	4
Prostitution - Vice	0	1	0	0	1
Sex Offense (No Rape)	0	0	1	0	1
Narcotics/Drug Violation	12	9	2	0	23
Marijuana	0	12	0	2	14
Gambling, Other	0	0	0	0	0
DWI	0	67	0	0	67
Liquor Violation	0	16	0	17	33
Disorderly Conduct	0	5	0	0	5
Other (except Traffic)	6	44	1	4	55
Traffic	3	248	0	4	255
TOTAL	63	497	18	45	623

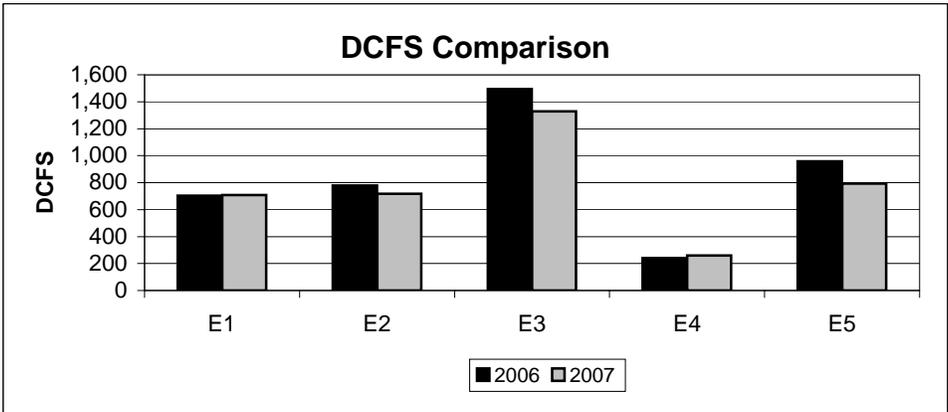
NOTE:

Charges include all adults and juveniles booked, cited and charged in absentia. Charges do not include persons that are booked on warrants each quarter.



**Dispatched Calls for Service
By Patrol District**

District	2006	2007
E1	703	708
E2	779	717
E3	1,494	1,329
E4	240	260
E5	958	793
TOTAL	4,174	3,807



Response Times

Priority	Avg Time in Mins.
X	3.56
1	7.15
2	11.38
3	27.31

NOTE:

The number of DCFS shown here includes all calls recorded by the Emergency 911 Communications Center as being city calls. However, this number may be slightly higher than the number of DCFS shown in the Police Service Highlights section, which reports only those calls that are verified to take place inside the city limits and are charged to the city as part of its police contract. Actual DCFS counts shown here are usually less than 5 percent higher.



Traffic Enforcement Activity

Violation	Patrol	Special Operations	TOTAL
Abandoned Vehicle	141	0	141
Accident, DUI	17	0	17
Accident, Injury	61	0	61
Accident, Non-injury	159	0	159
Accident, Fatal	3	0	3
D.U.I.	44	0	44
Physical Control	0	0	0
Hit & Run, Occupied Non-injury	25	0	25
Hit & Run, Unoccupied	41	0	41
Hit & Run, Injury	4	0	4
Incident, NSC (Other than accident)	2	0	2
Motorcycle Complaint	0	0	0
Negligent Driving	11	0	11
Other Moving Violation	200	0	200
Defective Equipment	26	0	26
Other Non-moving Violation	16	0	16
Off Road Vehicle/ATV Violation	2	0	2
Parking Violation	218	0	218
Pedestrian/Bicycle Violation	5	0	5
Reckless Driving	4	0	4
Speeding (Pace)	4	0	4
Speeding (Radar)	279	0	279
Traffic Complaint Investigation	138	0	138
Attempting to Elude (Felony Flight)	1	0	1
Control (Other than Fire)	0	0	0
Driving While License Revoked/Suspended	203	0	203
Operator's License Violations, Other	52	0	52
Seatbelt Violation	22	0	22
Vehicle License Violations	158	0	158
TOTAL	1,836	0	1,836

Summary of Traffic Activity

	2007	2006	Percent Change
DUI	61	85	-28.2%
Moving/Hazardous	1,128	1,278	-11.7%
Non-moving/Compliances	647	791	-18.2%
TOTAL	1,836	2,154	-14.8%

Traffic Accident Investigations

	2007	2006	Percent Change
Accident, DUI	17	9	88.9%
Accident, Injury	61	72	-15.3%
Accident, Non-injury	159	150	6.0%
Accident, Fatal	3	0	N/A
Hit & Run, Occupied, Non-injury	25	19	31.6%
Hit & Run, Unoccupied	41	40	2.5%
Hit & Run, Injury	4	5	-20.0%

	2007	2006	Percent Change
Traffic Complaint Investigations	138	123	12.2%



SPECIAL OPERATIONS

Air Support Unit (Helicopter) Activity			
	2006	2007	Percent Change
Number of Details *	8	7	-12.5%
Patrol (Flight) Hours *	2.0	3.1	55.0%

K-9 Unit Activity			
	2006	2007	Percent Change
K-9 Used on Calls	22	11	-50.0%
Time Spent (Hours)	28.25	23.25	-17.7%

Hostage Negotiations Team Activity			
	2006	2007	Percent Change
Hostage and Barricade Incidents	0	0	N/A

Bomb Disposal Unit Activity			
	2006	2007	Percent Change
Responses	0	2	N/A
Follow-ups	0	1	N/A

TAC-30 Unit Activity			
	2006	2007	Percent Change
Callouts	0	1	N/A

Department Ceremonial Unit Activity			
	2006	2007	Percent Change
Callouts	0	0	N/A

NOTE:

* Air Support data was not available for 1st Quarter 2006. YTD is April - December only. Therefore, comparisons are not accurate.



Major and Special Investigations Section

Assault Offenses

	2006	2007	Percent Change
Assault, Aggravated	9	2	-77.8%
Assault, Cutting	0	4	N/A
Assault, Handgun	2	1	-50.0%
Assault, Handgun (Driveby)	0	0	N/A
Assault, Long gun	0	0	N/A
Assault, Long gun (Driveby)	0	1	N/A
Assault, Other Firearm	0	0	N/A
Assault, Other Firearm (Driveby)	0	0	N/A
Assault, Unknown Firearm	0	0	N/A
Assault, Unknown Firearm (Driveby)	0	0	N/A
Assault, ODW	2	4	100.0%
Assault, Simple	55	61	10.9%

Fraud Offenses

	2006	2007	Percent Change
Embezzlement	1	1	0.0%
Extortion	0	1	N/A
Fraud, All other	54	84	55.6%
Fraud, UICD	10	4	-60.0%
Forgery Document	1	1	0.0%
Forgery Checks	10	6	-40.0%
Forgery Credit Cards	1	1	0.0%
Computer Investigations	0	0	N/A
Identity Theft	5	3	-40.0%

Special Assault Offenses

	2006	2007	Percent Change
Rape	3	2	-33.3%
Child Rape	3	3	0.0%
Attempted Rape	0	0	N/A
Child Molestation	4	1	-75.0%
Child Porn	1	0	-100.0%
Incest	0	0	N/A
Indecent Exposure	2	2	0.0%
Indecent Liberties	0	0	N/A
Sex Offense, NSC	0	3	N/A
Sexual Offender Registration	0	2	N/A
Sexual Offender Registration Violations	0	0	N/A
Sexual Offender Verification	0	0	N/A
Child Luring	0	0	N/A

Family/Juvenile Offenses

	2006	2007	Percent Change
Child Abuse	1	3	200.0%
Child Neglect	1	3	200.0%
Disturbance, Family	25	31	24.0%
Juvenile Disturbance	0	0	N/A
Juvenile Runaway	55	30	-45.5%
Custodial Interference	3	2	-33.3%
Elderly or Dependent Abuse	0	0	N/A
Elderly or Dependent Neglect	0	1	N/A



Glossary of Terms

Adult Arrests

An arrest is counted every time an adult is cited for a criminal offense or booked. More specifically:

1. It includes all adult bookings, plus
2. All adult citations which are classified as criminal non-traffic.
3. When an adult is both cited and booked, it is only counted once.

Cases Cleared /Clearance

The solving of an offense by arrest, or in some circumstances, by exceptional means (the suspect died, is imprisoned on another charge, victim refuses to testify, etc.).

Cleared by Arrest:

A case can be closed by arrest when at least one suspect is positively identified and charges are recommended to the Prosecuting Attorney's Office. This closure does not require physical booking into a jail or juvenile detention facility. It also does not require the charging of all suspects, if there are multiple suspects in the crime. This category includes criminal citations into district and municipal courts for misdemeanors and felony filings into Superior Court, as well as all filings into Juvenile Court.

Exceptional Clearance:

A case can be closed "exceptional" if it can be established that a crime has been committed and the identity of a suspect is positively confirmed, but due to circumstances beyond our control, no charges are filed. An example of this type of closure is a case in which the victim declines to assist in prosecution. Another example is when another police agency files charges on a related crime stemming from the same incident. (Car stolen in King County, but suspect arrested out of the stolen car in Bellevue. Bellevue P.D. charges the suspect with possession of the stolen car. We close the stolen car case "exceptional.")

Unfounded:

Cases are closed as "unfounded" when the investigation reveals that no crime has been committed. An example would be the report of a theft by one party that is determined to be a false report by interviewing other independent witnesses

Administrative Clearance:

This clearance is used primarily to close non-criminal police investigations like found property. For instance, if a citizen finds and turns over to police a wallet. Investigation reveals who the owner of the wallet is and the item is returned to that person.

Inactive:

This category is used when all investigative leads are exhausted and the case can not be closed by any of the above classifications.

Domestic Violence

Domestic Violence is a subcategory to other crimes. Virtually any crime can be classified as domestic violence. In the State of Washington, Domestic Violence is defined as a crime of violence against the person or property of a spouse, former spouse, persons related by blood or marriage, persons who have a child in common, former/current roommates, persons who have or had a dating relationship, and persons related to the suspect by the parent-child (biological or legal) relationship. In some cases, the age of the victim or suspect may determine whether or not the legal definition above is met.

Part II Offenses

This category includes all other crime classifications outside those defined as Part I. Crimes include other assaults (simple), forgery and counterfeiting, fraud, embezzlement, stolen property (buying, receiving and/or possessing), vandalism, weapons (carrying, possessing, etc.), prostitution and commercialized vice, sex offenses (except forcible rape, prostitution or commercial vice...i.e. statutory rape, indecent exposure, etc.), drug violations, gambling, offenses against the family and children, driving under the influence, liquor violations, drunkenness, disorderly conduct, etc.

